

MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7229a

Specification

MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	<u>P49137</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Babbit IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	45568
Antigen Region	28-58
Antigen Region	20-50

MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 9261

Other Names MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2, MAPK-activated protein kinase 2, MAPKAP kinase 2, MAPKAP-K2, MAPKAPK-2, MK-2, MK2, MAPKAPK2

Target/Specificity

This MAPKAPK2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 28-58 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human MAPKAPK2.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name MAPKAPK2



Function Stress-activated serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in cytokine production, endocytosis, reorganization of the cytoskeleton, cell migration, cell cycle control, chromatin remodeling, DNA damage response and transcriptional regulation. Following stress, it is phosphorylated and activated by MAP kinase p38-alpha/MAPK14, leading to phosphorylation of substrates. Phosphorylates serine in the peptide sequence, Hyd-X-R-X(2)-S, where Hyd is a large hydrophobic residue. Phosphorylates ALOX5, CDC25B, CDC25C, CEP131, ELAVL1, HNRNPA0, HSP27/HSPB1, KRT18, KRT20, LIMK1, LSP1, PABPC1, PARN, PDE4A, RCSD1, RPS6KA3, TAB3 and TTP/ZFP36. Phosphorylates HSF1; leading to the interaction with HSP90 proteins and inhibiting HSF1 homotrimerization, DNA-binding and transactivation activities (PubMed: 16278218). Mediates phosphorylation of HSP27/HSPB1 in response to stress, leading to the dissociation of HSP27/HSPB1 from large small heat-shock protein (sHsps) oligomers and impairment of their chaperone activities and ability to protect against oxidative stress effectively. Involved in inflammatory response by regulating tumor necrosis factor (TNF) and IL6 production post-transcriptionally: acts by phosphorylating AU-rich elements (AREs)-binding proteins ELAVL1, HNRNPA0, PABPC1 and TTP/ZFP36, leading to the regulation of the stability and translation of TNF and IL6 mRNAs. Phosphorylation of TTP/ZFP36, a major post-transcriptional regulator of TNF, promotes its binding to 14-3-3 proteins and reduces its ARE mRNA affinity, leading to inhibition of dependent degradation of ARE-containing transcripts. Phosphorylates CEP131 in response to cellular stress induced by ultraviolet irradiation which promotes binding of CEP131 to 14-3-3 proteins and inhibits formation of novel centriolar satellites (PubMed: 26616734). Also involved in late G2/M checkpoint following DNA damage through a process of post- transcriptional mRNA stabilization: following DNA damage, relocalizes from nucleus to cytoplasm and phosphorylates HNRNPA0 and PARN, leading to stabilization of GADD45A mRNA. Involved in toll-like receptor signaling pathway (TLR) in dendritic cells: required for acute TLR- induced macropinocytosis by phosphorylating and activating RPS6KA3.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Phosphorylation and subsequent activation releases the autoinhibitory helix, resulting in the export from the nucleus into the cytoplasm

Tissue Location

Expressed in all tissues examined.

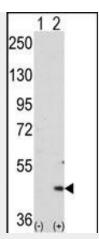
MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

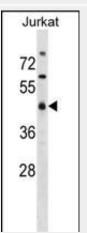
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) - Images

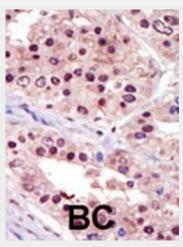




Western blot analysis of MAPKAPK2 (arrow) using MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat.#AP7229a). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the MAPKAPK2 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



MAPKAPK2 Antibody (F43) (Cat. #AP7229a) western blot analysis in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MAPKAPK2 antibody detected the MAPKAPK2 protein (arrow).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) - Background



MAPKAPK2 a member of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family. This kinase is regulated through direct phosphorylation by p38 MAP kinase. In conjunction with p38 MAP kinase, this kinase is known to be involved in many cellular processes including stress and inflammatory responses, nuclear export, gene expression regulation and cell proliferation. Heat shock protein HSP27 was shown to be one of the substrates of this kinase in vivo.

MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) - References

Meng, W., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(40):37401-37405 (2002). Han, Q., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(50):48379-48385 (2002). Werz, O., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97(10):5261-5266 (2000). Kotlyarov, A., et al., Nat. Cell Biol. 1(2):94-97 (1999). Craxton, A., et al., J. Immunol. 161(7):3225-3236 (1998). MAPKAPK2 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

• <u>A novel LKB1 isoform enhances AMPK metabolic activity and displays oncogenic properties.</u>